

Consistent Shared Data Types: Beyond Memory

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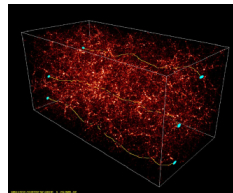
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Shared objects



UNREAL

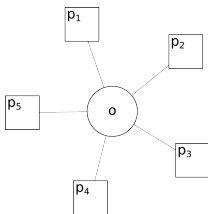
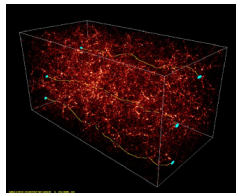
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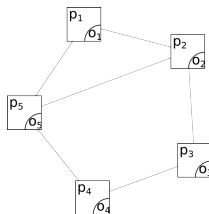
Shared objects



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	
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Centralized
system



Decentralized
system

The CAP theorem

Strong Consistency

Sequential consistency:

- total order on the events
- respect of the process order

Availability

- all the calls eventually return

Partition tolerance

- processes from different partitions cannot communicate

The CAP theorem

Strong Consistency

Sequential consistency:

- total order on the events
- respect of the process order

Availability

- all the calls eventually return

Partition tolerance

- processes from different partitions cannot communicate

Impossible [Gilbert, Lynch, 2002]

State of the art

- Linearizability
- Many kinds of memories
 - safe/regular/atomic register
 - sequentially consistent memory
 - causal memory
 - PRAM
 - ...
- Eventual consistency
- CRDTs
- ...

Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Abstract Data Types and Consistency Criteria
- 3 Some Examples
- 4 General Properties
- 5 Causal Consistency
- 6 Conclusion

Update-Query Abstract Data Type

$$T = (U, Q_i, Q_o, S, s_0, \mu, \varphi):$$

U : updates

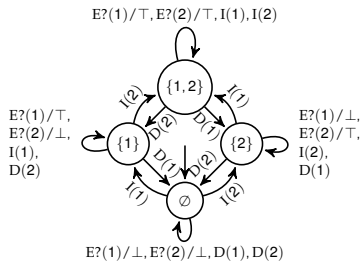
$Q = Q_i \times Q_o$: queries

S : abstract states

$s_0 \in S$: initial state

$\mu : S \times U \rightarrow S$: transition function

$\varphi : S \times Q_i \rightarrow Q_o$: output function



Language $L(T)$

The words labelling a path starting from s_0

Distributed histories

$H = (U, Q, E, \Lambda, \mapsto)$:

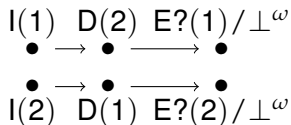
U, Q : update and query operations

E : events

$\Lambda : E \rightarrow U \cup Q$: labelling function

$\mapsto \in E \times E$: program order

$\forall e \in E, \{e' \in E : e' \mapsto e\}$ is finite



Consistency criteria

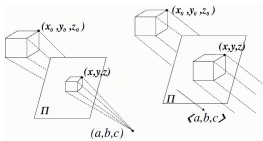
Sequential specification

$$L : \begin{cases} \text{UQ-ADT} & \rightarrow \mathcal{P}((U \cup Q)^*) \\ T & \mapsto L(T) \end{cases}$$

Consistency criteria

Sequential specification

$$L : \begin{cases} \text{UQ-ADT} & \rightarrow \mathcal{P}((U \cup Q)^*) \\ T & \mapsto L(T) \end{cases}$$



Consistency criterion

$$C : \begin{cases} \text{UQ-ADT} & \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{H}(U, Q)) \\ T & \mapsto C(T) \end{cases}$$

Sequential Consistency

Sequential consistency

$$SC : T \mapsto \{H \in \mathbb{H} : \text{lin}(H) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset\}$$

I(1) E?(2)/T
 ● —————> ●

I(2) E?(1)/⊥
 ● —————> ●

$$I(2) \cdot E?(1)/\perp \cdot I(1) \cdot E?(2)/T \in \text{lin}(H) \cap L(T)$$

I(1) E?(2)/⊥
 ● —————> ●

I(2) E?(1)/⊥
 ● —————> ●

$$\text{lin}(H) \cap L(T) = \emptyset$$

Pipelined Consistency

Pipelined consistency

$$PC : T \mapsto \{H \in \mathbb{H} : \forall p, \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p}) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset\}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} I(1) & & E?(1)/\perp \\ \bullet & \longrightarrow & \bullet \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \bullet & \longrightarrow & \bullet \\ D(1) & & E?(1)/\top \end{array}$$

$$I(1) \cdot D(1) \cdot E?(1)/\perp \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_1}) \cap L(T)$$

$$D(1) \cdot I(1) \cdot E?(1)/\top \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_2}) \cap L(T)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} I(1) & & I(2) \\ \bullet & \longrightarrow & \bullet \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \bullet & \longrightarrow & \bullet \\ E?(2)/\top & & E?(1)/\perp \end{array}$$

$$I(1) \cdot I(2) \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_1}) \cap L(T)$$

$$\text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_2}) \cap L(T) = \emptyset$$

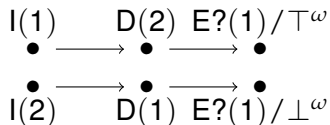
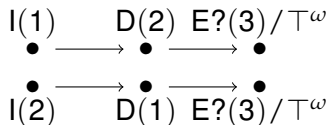
Eventual Consistency

Eventual consistency

$$EC : T \mapsto \{H \in \mathbb{H} : Write4Ever \vee Converge\}$$

$$Write4Ever \equiv |H_U| = \infty$$

$$Converge \equiv \exists s \in S, |\{q_i / q_o \in H_Q : \varphi(s, q_i) \neq q_o\}| < \infty$$



- Independent of $L(T)$

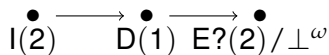
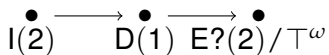
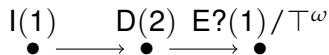
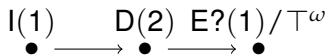
Update Consistency

Update consistency

$$UC : T \mapsto \{H \in \mathbb{H} : Write4Ever \vee Converge\}$$

$$Write4Ever \equiv |H_U| = \infty$$

$$Converge \equiv \exists Q' \subset H_Q \text{ finite: } \text{lin}(H_{E_H \setminus Q'}) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset$$



- All UQ-ATDs can be implemented in a partitionable system

Lattice of consistency criteria

$$C_1 \leq C_2$$

$$C_1 \leq C_2 \Leftrightarrow \forall T, C_2(T) \subset C_1(T)$$

- $PC \leq SC, EC \leq SC$
- correct with $C_1 \Rightarrow$ correct with C_2
- $\forall C, (C_{\perp} : T \mapsto \mathbb{H}) \leq C \leq (C_{\top} : T \mapsto \emptyset)$

Lattice of consistency criteria

 $C_1 \leq C_2$

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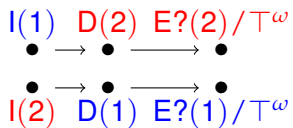
- $PC \leq SC, EC \leq SC$
- correct with $C_1 \Rightarrow$ correct with C_2
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 $C_1 + C_2$

$$C_1 + C_2 = T \mapsto C_1(T) \cap C_2(T)$$

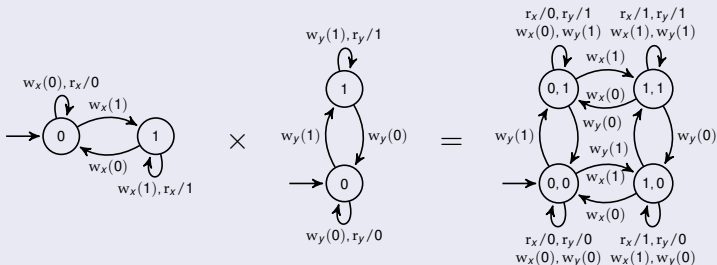
- $(\mathcal{C}, \leq, +)$ is a join-semilattice
- $\forall C, C_{\perp} + C = C \wedge C_{\top} + C = C_{\top}$
- $EC + PC \leq SC$

Composition



Composition

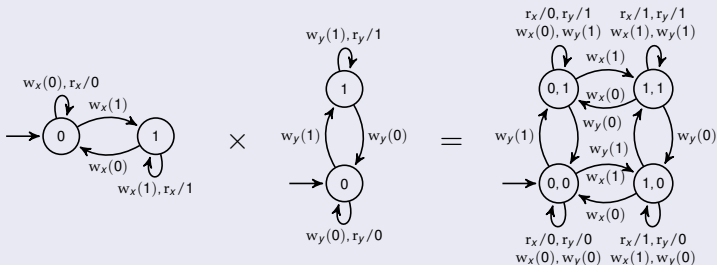
Composition of types



- $L(T_1 \times T_2) = \text{interleavings}(L(T_1), L(T_2))$

Composition

Composition of types



- $L(T_1 \times T_2) = \text{interleavings}(L(T_1), L(T_2))$

Composition of histories

- $H \in H_1 \times H_2$ if $E = E_1 \cup E_2$, $H_{E_1} = H_1$ and $H_{E_2} = H_2$

Composition

Composition of consistency criteria

$$\frac{H \in H_1 \times H_2 \quad H_1 \in C_1(O_1) \quad H_2 \in C_2(O_2)}{H \in C_1 \times C_2(O_1 \times O_2)}$$

- $C_1 \times C_2 \leq C_1$
- $C_{\perp} \times C = C_{\perp}$, $C_{\top} \times C = C$

Composition

Composition of consistency criteria

$$\frac{H \in H_1 \times H_2 \quad H_1 \in C_1(O_1) \quad H_2 \in C_2(O_2)}{H \in C_1 \times C_2(O_1 \times O_2)}$$

- $C_1 \times C_2 \leq C_1$
- $C_{\perp} \times C = C_{\perp}$, $C_{\top} \times C = C$

Composability

C composable if $C = C^2$

- $EC = EC^2$
- $PC \leq C \leq SC \Rightarrow C \neq C^2$
- $C^* = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} C^n = T \mapsto \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} C^n(T)$

Cache consistency

Cache consistency

 SC^*

$$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} I(1) \quad D(2) \quad E?(2)/T^\omega \\ \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet \\ I(2) \quad D(1) \quad E?(1)/T^\omega \\ \bullet \rightarrow \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet \end{array}}_{H \in SC^*(S_{\{1,2\}})} \in \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} I(1) \\ \bullet \\ \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet \\ D(1) \quad E?(1)/T^\omega \end{array}}_{H_1 \in SC(S_{\{1\}})} \times \underbrace{\begin{array}{c} D(2) \quad E?(2)/T^\omega \\ \bullet \longrightarrow \bullet \\ I(2) \\ \bullet \end{array}}_{H_2 \in SC(S_{\{2\}})}$$

- $H(\text{OR} - \text{set}) \subset SC^*(S_{\mathbb{N}})$
- $(S)EC \leq SC^*$
- $UC(\text{Set}) \subset SC^*(\text{Set})$ but $SC^*(\text{Stack}) \subset UC(\text{Stack})$

Causal memory

\rightsquigarrow is a writes-into order if:

- $\forall e \rightsquigarrow e', \Lambda(e) = w_x(n)$ and $\Lambda(e') = r_x/n$,
- $\forall e, |\{e' \in E : e' \rightsquigarrow e\}| \leq 1$,
- for all $e \in E$ such that $\Lambda(e) = r_x/n$ and there is no $e' \in E$ such that $e' \rightsquigarrow e$, then $n = 0$.

H is M -causal if $\exists \rightsquigarrow$ such that:

- $\rightarrow = (\rightsquigarrow \cup \mapsto)^*$ is a partial order
- $\forall p \in \mathcal{P}_H, \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p}^{\rightarrow}) \cap L(M) \neq \emptyset$

Causal consistency - definition

Causal consistency

- $CC : T \mapsto \{H \in \mathbb{H} : \exists (\rightarrow_p)_{p \in \mathcal{P}_H}, TO \wedge PO \wedge PC \wedge CH\}$
 - $TO \equiv \forall p \in \mathcal{P}_H, \rightarrow_p \text{ is a total order}$
 - $PO \equiv \forall p \in \mathcal{P}_H, \mapsto_C \rightarrow_p$
 - $PC \equiv \forall p \in \mathcal{P}_H, \text{lin} \left(H_{U_H \cup p}^{\rightarrow_p} \right) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset$
 - $CH \equiv \forall p, p' \in \mathcal{P}_H, \forall e \in E, \forall e' \in p,$
 $(e \rightarrow_p e') \Rightarrow (e \rightarrow_{p'} e')$
- Causal order:** $\rightarrow = \left(\bigcap_{p \in \mathcal{P}_H} \rightarrow_p \right)$

Causal consistency - properties

Property 1

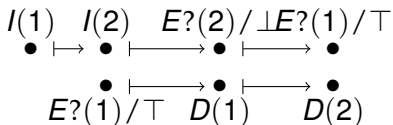
- $PC \leq CC \leq SC$
- $CC^2 \neq CC$

Property 2

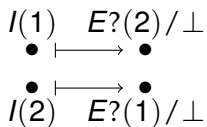
If $H \in CC(T)$, there exists \rightarrow such that:

- program order: $\forall p \in \mathcal{P}_H, \text{lin} \left(H_{U_H \cup p}^{\rightarrow} \right) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset$
- data order: $\forall q \in Q_H, \text{lin} \left(H_{\{u \in U_H: u \rightarrow q\} \cup \{q\}}^{\rightarrow} \right) \cap L(T) \neq \emptyset$

Causal consistency - examples

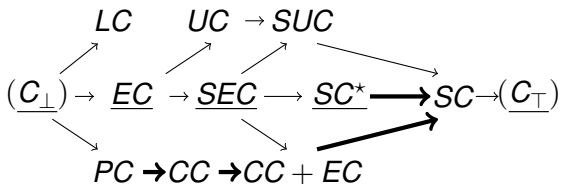


$$\begin{array}{l}
 D(1) \cdot I(1) \cdot I(2) \cdot D(2) \cdot E?(2)/\perp \cdot E?(1)/\top \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_1}) \cap L(T) \\
 I(1) \cdot E?(1)/\top \cdot D(1) \cdot I(2) \cdot D(2) \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_2}) \cap L(T)
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{l}
 I(1) \cdot E?(2)/\perp \cdot I(2) \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_1}) \cap L(T) \\
 I(2) \cdot E?(1)/\perp \cdot I(1) \in \text{lin}(H_{U_H \cup p_2}) \cap L(T)
 \end{array}$$

Sum up



Data integrity

Type graph

- a set V of vertices
- a set E of edges
- insert a vertex or an edge
- delete a vertex or an edge

Integrity constraint (P)

At any time, if $(v, v') \in E$, then $v \in V$ and $v' \in V$.

Data integrity

```

1 class Graph
2   var vertices  $\subset \mathbb{N} \leftarrow \emptyset$ ;
3   var edges  $\subset \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \leftarrow \emptyset$ ;
4   ...
5   update  $D_v (v \in \mathbb{N})$  /* delete vertex */
6     edges  $\leftarrow$  edges  $\setminus (V \times \{v\} \cup \{v\} \times V)$ ;
7     vertices  $\leftarrow$  vertices  $\setminus \{v\}$ ;
8   end
9    $\ll P; D_v(v); P \gg$ 
10  ...
11 end
12 void main ()
13   C < Graph > g;
14   ...
15 end

```